





REGIONAL SPECIALISED METEOROLOGICAL CENTRE -TROPICAL CYCLONES, NEW DELHI TROPICAL CYCLONE ADVISORY

DEMS-RSMC SPECIAL TROPICAL CYCLONES NEW DELHI DATED 29.11.2025

FROM: RSMC -TROPICAL CYCLONES, NEW DELHI

TO: STORM WARNING CENTRE, NAYPYI TAW (MYANMAR)

STORM WARNING CENTRE, BANGKOK (THAILAND)

STORM WARNING CENTRE, COLOMBO (SRILANKA)

STORM WARNING CENTRE, DHAKA (BANGLADESH)

STORM WARNING CENTRE, KARACHI (PAKISTAN)

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SAUDI ARABIA (THROUGH RTH JEDDAH)

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QATAR METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT (THROUGH RTH JEDDAH)

TROPICAL CYCLONE ADVISORY NO. 26 FOR NORTH INDIAN OCEAN (THE BAY OF BENGAL AND ARABIAN SEA) VALID FOR NEXT 120 HOURS ISSUED AT 0800 UTC OF 29.11.2025 BASED ON 0300 UTC OF 29.11.2025

Cyclonic Storm Ditwah [Pronunciation: Ditwah] over southwest Bay of Bengal and adjoining north Sri Lanka

The Cyclonic Storm Ditwah [Pronunciation: Ditwah] over southwest Bay of Bengal and adjoining north Srilanka moved north-northwestwards with the speed of 8 kmph during past 6 hours and lay centered at 0300 UTC of today, the 29th November 2025 over the same region, near latitude 9.6°N and longitude 80.7°E, about 80 km east of Jaffna (43404), 140 km southeast of Vedaranniyam (43349), 170 km south-southeast of Karaikal (43346), 280 km south-southeast of Puducherry (43331) and 380 km south of Chennai (43279).

It is very likely to continue to move north-northwestwards and reach over southwest Bay of Bengal near North Tamil Nadu, Puducherry and adjoining south Andhra Pradesh coasts by 0000 UTC of 30th November.

While moving north-northwestwards the cyclonic storm will be centered over southwest Bay of Bengal within a minimum distance of 60 km, 50 km and 25km from the TamilNadu-

Puducherry coastline by 1800 UTC of today, the 29th November and 0000 UTC & 1200 UTC of tomorrow, the 30th November respectively.

Forecast track and intensity are given in Table below

Date/Time (UTC)	Position (Lat. °N/ Long. °E)	Maximum Sustained Surface Wind Speed (Kmph)	Category Of Cyclonic Disturbance
29.11.25/0300	9.6/80.7	70-80 gusting to 90	Cyclonic Storm
29.11.25/0600	9.8/80.6	70-80 gusting to 90	Cyclonic Storm
29.11.25/1200	10.2/80.5	70-80 gusting to 90	Cyclonic Storm
29.11.25/1800	10.6/80.4	70-80 gusting to 90	Cyclonic Storm
30.11.25/0000	11.3/80.3	70-80 gusting to 90	Cyclonic Storm
30.11.25/1200	12.4/80.4	60-70 gusting to 80	Cyclonic Storm
01.12.25/0000	13.6/80.5	45-55 gusting to 65	Depression

As per INSAT 3DR at 0300 UTC, Intensity T2.5, the associated scattered to broken low and medium clouds with embedded intense to very intense convection lay over southwest Bay of Bengal, Palk Strait, Gulf of Mannar and Tamil Nadu (minimum CTT minus 70-90 degree Celsius). Moderate to intense convection lay over Kerala, Rayalaseema, south Coastal Andhra Pradesh, Sri Lanka and Comorin Area (minimum CTT minus 50-70 degree Celsius).

The estimated central pressure is about 1001 hPa. The associated maximum sustained wind speed is about 40 knots gusting upto 50 knots.

Sea condition is high over southwest Bay of Bengal & adjoining north Sri Lanka, Gulf of Mannar, Comorin area and along & off Tamil Nadu-Puducherry coasts. Latest OceanSat pass is indicating instantaneous winds of 40-50 kt in northern sector. The ASCAT pass is also indicating 35-40 kt winds in northern sector. Current observations indicate prevalence of winds in the range of 70-80 gusting to 90 kmph along & off southern parts of Tamil Nadu and North Sri Lanka and 60-70 gusting to 80 kmph over remaining parts of Tamil Nadu.

Strom surge warning: Storm surge of height about 1.0 to 1.5 m above the astronomical tide is likely to inundate the low-lying coastal areas of north Sri Lanka till 29th/ 1200 UTC. Storm surge of height about 0.5 m to 1m above the astronomical tide is likely to inundate the low-lying coastal areas of Tamil Nadu- Puducherry till 30th/ 0000 UTC.

REMARKS:

The guidance from various models indicates that the Madden Julian Oscillation (MJO) index is presently in phase 7 with amplitude more than 1 and is likely to continue in same phase during next 5 days. The sea surface temperature is around 28°C over southwest Bay of Bengal and along & off Sri Lanka, Tamil Nadu & South Andhra Pradesh coast along the forecast track.

The guidance from NCICS model indicates westerly wind anomaly (7-9 mps) along with prevalence of Equatorial Rossby Wave (ERW), Kelvin wave (KW) and low frequency background wave (LW) over the southern parts of the Bay of Bengal (BoB) and adjoining southeast Arabian Sea (AS) and easterly wind anomaly (3-5 mps) to its north over

southwest BoB off Tamil Nadu coast-Andhra Pradesh coasts on 29th & 30th November. Thereafter, slight weakening of these features is indicated.

The Low level relative vorticity at 850 hPa is about $150 \times 10^{-6} \, \mathrm{s}^{-1}$ over Sri Lanka and adjoining southwest Bay of Bengal to the south of system centre. Vertically the positive vorticity zone is extending up to 200hPa and tilting slightly southwestwards with height. Upper-level divergence is around 20×10⁻⁶ s⁻¹ to the west of system centre and is southwest-northeast oriented. Low-level convergence is around 30×10⁻⁶ s⁻¹ around the system centre. Mid layer shear is around (10-15 kts) and anti-cyclonic over the system area. The deep layer wind shear of horizontal wind is moderate (15-20 kt) and anticyclonic over the system area and hence favorable to maintain intensity. However as it moves northwards, it may encounter higher wind shear over southwest BoB and along & off North Tamil Nadu coast. As the system has emerged into sea, the intensity of the system has increased. Warm air advection is continuously taking place from south and southeast sector towards the core of the system. However cold and dry air from the southern peninsular is touching the northwest sector. As a result with the northwards movement of the system there could be more incursion of dry and cold air. However, favorable outflow, warm moist air incursion, support from equatorial waves and favorable thermodynamic features led to intensification of system. It is likely to maintain its intensity till 30th November/ 0300 UTC. Thereafter, weakening is likely due to high wind shear, low ocean thermal energy, and cold dry air incursion from northwest sector.

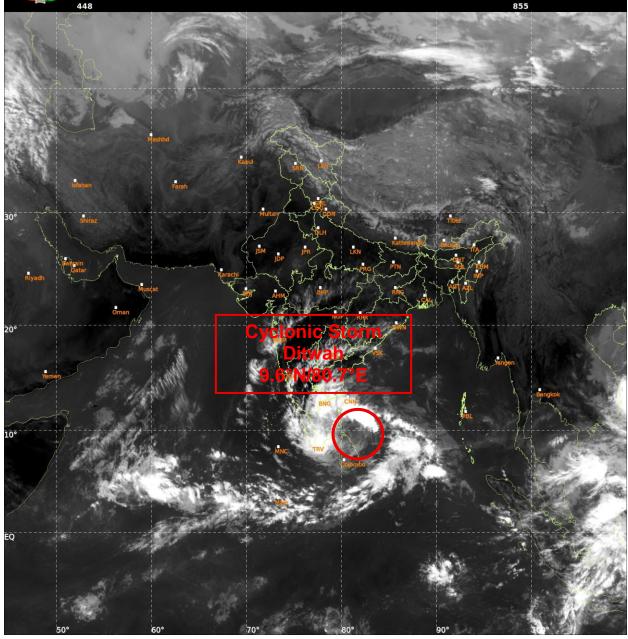
There is good consensus among various models with respect to north-northwestwards movement of the system across southwest Bay of Bengal off Tamil Nadu, Puducherry and adjoining south Andhra Pradesh coasts till 1t December. There is also consensus among various models wrt weakening of the system from 30th/ 1200 UTC onwards.

- (i) Confidence level in estimation of current location of Cyclonic Storm: High
- (ii) Confidence level in estimation of estimation of current intensity: High
- (iii) Confidence level in forecast track: High
- (iv) Confidence level in forecast intensity: Moderate

Monica Sharma, Scientist -E, RSMC, New Delhi

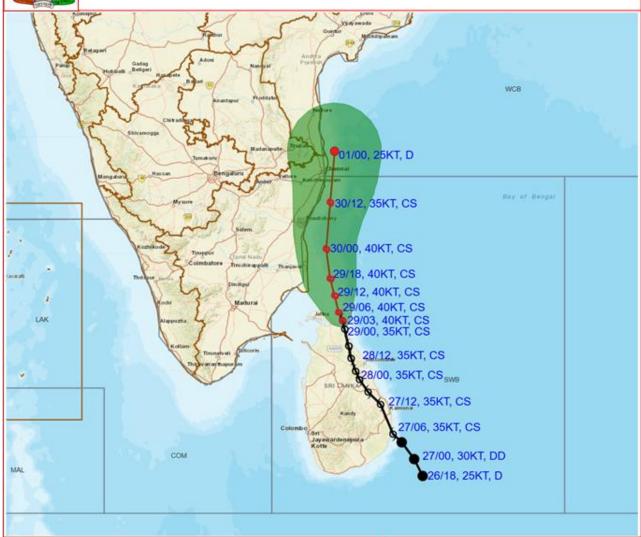


INSAT-3DS IMG, Thermal Infrared1 Count @ 10.83 μm GMT:29-11-2025/(0600-0627) IST:29-11-2025/(1130-1157) L1C MERCATOR (LINEAR STRETCH: 1%)





OBSERVED AND FORECAST TRACK OF CYCLONIC STORM "DITWAH" OVER SOUTHWEST BAY OF BENGAL AND ADJOINING NORTH SRI LANKA BASED ON 0300 UTC (0830 Hrs. IST) OF 29TH NOVEMBER 2025



DATE/TIME IN UTC IST=UTC + 0530

L: LOW PRESSURE AREA

WML: WELL MARKED LOW PRESSURE AREA

D: DEPRESSION (17-27 KT)

DD: DEEP DEPRESSION (28-33 KT) CS: CYCLONIC STORM (34-47 KT)
SCS: SEVERE CYCLONIC STORM (48-63KT)
VSCS: VERY SEVERE CYCLONIC STORM (64-89 KT)

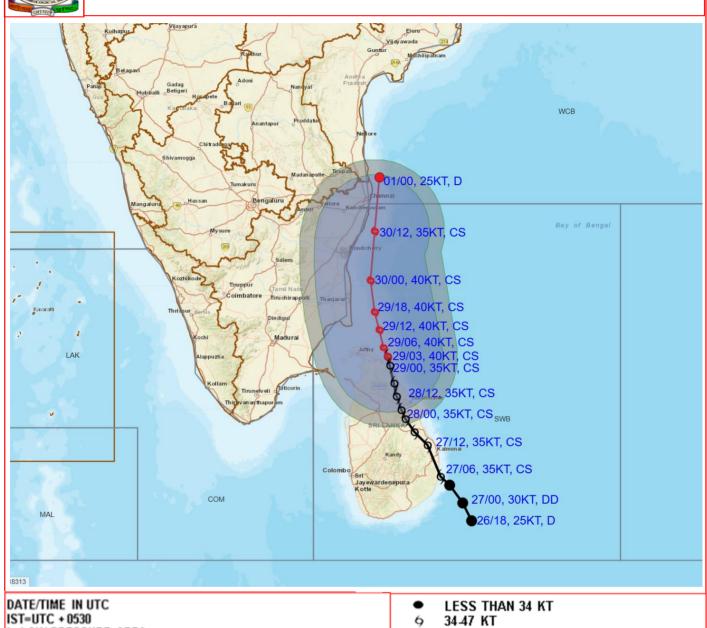
ESCS: EXTREMELY SEVERE CYCLONIC STORM (90-119 KT)

SuCS: SUPER CYCLONIC STORM № 120 KT)





OBSERVED AND FORECAST TRACK ALONGWITH QUADRANT WIND DISTRIBUTION OF CYCLONIC STORM "DITWAH" OVER SOUTHWEST BAY OF BENGAL AND ADJOINING NORTH SRI LANKA BASED ON 0300 UTC (0830 Hrs. IST) OF 29th NOVEMBER 2025



L: LOW PRESSURE AREA

WML: WELL MARKED LOW PRESSURE AREA

D: DEPRESSION (17-27 KT) DD: DEEP DEPRESSION (28-33 KT)

CS: CYCLONIC STORM (34.47 KT)

SCS: SEVERE CYCLONIC STORM (48-63KT)

VSCS: VERY SEVERE CYCLONIC STORM (64-89 KT)

ESCS: EXTREMELY SEVERE CYCLONIC STORM (90-119 KT)

SuCS: SUPER CYCLONIC STORM (≥ 120 KT)

≥ 48 KT

OBSERVED TRACK FORECAST TRACK

CONE OF UNCERTAINTY AREA OF MAXIMUM SUSTAINED WIND SPEED:

28-33 KT (52-61 KMPH) 34-49 KT (62-91 KMPH)

50-63 KT (92-117 KMPH) ≥ 64 KT (≥118 KMPH)

IMPACT OVER THE SEA

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MSW (knot/kmph)	Impact	Action		
28-33 (52-61)	Very rough seas	Total suspension of fishing operations		
34-49 (62-91)	High to very high seas	Total suspension of fishing operations		
50-63 (92-117)	Very high seas	Total suspension of fishing operations		
≥ 64 (≥118)	Phenomenal	Total suspension of fishing operations		

Cloud distribution: (a) Isolated: <25%, Scattered:25-50%, Broken: 51-75%, Solid:>75%, Convection Intensity: (a) Weak: Cloud Top Temperature(CTT)>-25°C, (b) Moderate: CTT:-25°Cto-40°C, (c) Intense: CTT: -41°Cto -70°C and (d) Very Intense::Less than -70°C Probability of cyclogenesis (formation of depression): NIL:0%, LOW:1-33%, MODERATE:34-66% and HIGH:67-100% This is a guidance Bulletin for WMO/ESCAP Panel Member countries. Visit respective National websites for Country specific Bulletins.

Storm Surge Guidance

STORM SURGE HEIGHT INFORMATION:

* The below listed surge heights are over and above astronomical tide.

MANDAL/TALUK	DISTRICT	STATE / UNION TERRITORY	NEAREST PLACE OF HABITATION	at the second se	EXPECTED INUNDATION EXTENT (km)
Chengalpattu	Kancheepuram	Tamil Nadu	Muthukadu	0.3-0.5	Upto 0.12
Ponneri	Thiruvallur	Tamil Nadu	Karimanal	0.2-0.4	Upto 0.15

