



Ministry of Earth Sciences India Meteorological Department Cyclone Warning Division, New Delhi

Tropical Cyclone Forecast Programme Report Dated 14TH November, 2023

Time of Issue: 1230 UTC

Synoptic features (based on 0300 UTC analysis):

- Under the influence of yesterday's upper air cyclonic circulation over South Andaman Sea, a low pressure area formed over southeast Bay of Bengal and adjoining Andaman & Nicobar islands with associated cyclonic circulation extending upto upper tropospheric levels at 0000 UTC and it persisted over the same region at 0300 UTC of today, the 14th November. It is likely to move west-northwestwards and intensify into a depression over westcentral Bay of Bengal on 15th November, 2023. Thereafter, it would move northwestwards and may intensify into a deep depression over westcentral Bay of Bengal off Andhra Pradesh coast on 16th November. Subsequently, it would recurve north-northeastwards and reach northwest Bay of Bengal off Odisha coast on 17th November.
- The upper air cyclonic circulation over Southwest Bay of Bengal now lies over Southwest Bay of Bengal & adjoining Sri Lanka extending upto middle tropospheric levels.
- A trough runs from the cyclonic circulation over Southwest Bay of Bengal & adjoining Sri Lanka to the Low Pressure Area over Southeast Bay of Bengal & adjoining Andaman-Nicobar Islands and extends upto 3.1 km above mean sea level.

Dynamical and thermo-dynamical features

Parameter	Bay of Bengal (BoB)	Arabian Sea (AS)		
Sea Surface	29-30 over South Andaman	Around 29-30 over southeast and		
Temperature (SST) °C	Sea, south BoB, eastcentral and	adjoining southwest, adjoining		
	adjoining westcentral BoB, Gulf	eastcentral AS, along and off south		
	of Mannar, Comorin area, 30-31	Gujarat and north AS, 26-28 over		
	over north Andaman Sea, parts	central and adjoining southwest AS,		
	of southeast BoB, around 28	along and off Karnataka and Kerala		
	along and off Andhra Pradesh,	coasts, Comorin area, les than 24		
	Odisha coasts, around 27 along	over along and off Yemen-Oman		
	and off West Bengal and north	Somalia coasts.		
	Odisha coasts.			
Tropical Cyclone Heat	100-110 over eastcentral and	80-90 over few parts of southeast AS,		
Potential (TCHP)	adjoining southeast BoB, 80-90	60-70 over southeast and adjoining		
kJ/cm ²	over south Andaman Sea, 50-60	southwest AS, adjoining estcentral		
	over most parts of BoB.	AS, less than 10 over westcentral,		
		southwest AS.		

Cyclonic Relative	60-70 over south Andman Sea,	30-40 over parts of southwest AS,
vorticity (X10 ⁻⁶ s ⁻¹)	50-60 over southwest BoB off	northwest AS, 10-20 over some parts
	Sri Lanka coast, 10-20 over	of south AS.
	parts of south, central and north	
	BoB.	
l ow l evel convergence	5-10 over south and adjoining	5-10 over parts of southwest AS -5
$(X10^{-5} \text{ s}^{-1})$	central BoB South Andaman	over some parts of north AS
(X10 3)	Sea	
Linner Level divergence	10.20 over most parts of control	5 10 over parts of southwest AS 10
$(Y40^{-5} - 1)$	ru-zu over most parts of central,	5-10 over parts of southwest AS, -10
$(X10^{-5}S^{-1})$	adjoining north BoB and south	to -20 north AS and adjoining central
	BoB, Comorin area.	AS.
Vertical Wind Shear	5-10 over southwest and	5-15 over southwest and adjoining
(VWS knots)	adjoining southeast BoB, South	southeast AS, 20 over south part of
Low: 05-10 knots	Andaman Sea, adjoining	central AS, adjoining southeast AS,
Moderate: 10-20 knots	eastcentral BoB, 20 over central	High (>20 knots) over remaining parts
High: >20 knots	and adjoining southwest BoB,	of AS.
	and southern parts of south	
	BoB. High (> 20 knots) over	
	remaining parts of BoB	
Wind Shear Tendency	Decreasing over south and	Decreasing over south and adjoining
(knots)	adioining central BoB and	central AS increasing over central
(Milets)	Andaman Sea increasing over	and north AS
	along and off Andhra Pradach	
	Alunia Fladesii,	
	Ouisna and west Bengal Coasts	
	and adjoining area.	
Upper Tropospheric	Along 16 [°] N over BoB.	Along 12°N over AS.
Ridge		

Satellite observations based on INSAT imagery (0300 UTC):

(a) Over the BoB & Andaman Sea:-

Scattered to broken low and medium clouds with embedded intense to very intense convection lay over central & south Bay of Bengal, Andaman Sea. Scattered low and medium clouds with embedded isolated weak convection lay over North Bay of Bengal.

(b) Over the Arabian Sea:-

Scattered low and medium clouds with embedded intense to very intense convection lay over comorin area adjoining southeast Arabian Sea off south Kerala coast and moderate to intense convection lay over south Arabian sea.

(c) Convection outside India:-

Scattered low and medium clouds with embedded moderate to intense convection lay over Sri Lanka, Palk strait, Gulf of Mannar, Maldives, Tibet, china, South Myanmar, Thailand, Gulf of Thailand, Cambodia, Laos, South Vietnam, Sumatra, Strait of Malacca, Malaysia, Borneo, South China Sea, Java islands & sea, Celebes islands & sea, Philippines, North Madagascar, North Mozambigue channel and over Indian ocean between latitude equator to 5.0N longitude 50.0E to 100.0E.

M.J.O. Index:

MJO index is currently in Phase 7 with amplitude close to 1. It will be in phase 8 with amplitude greater than 1 on 15th November, and remain in same phase with amplitude greater than 1 till 17th November. It will be in phase 1 on 18th November with amplitude greater than 1 and will remain there for next few days.

Storms and Depression over South China Sea/ South Indian Ocean: Nil.

Input for FDP Cyclone based on 0000 UTC for the next 7 days

MODEL GUIDANCE	Bay of Bengal (BoB)	Arabian Sea	
IMD-GFS	LPA over westcentral BoB as on today i.e., 14 th Nov, moves westnorthwestwards and will becomes deep depression over westcentral BoB on 15 th Nov, moves then northeastwards and lay over northwest BoB close to Odisha coast as deep depression on 17 th Nov, moves in same direction and reaches close to north Odisha coast on 17 th Nov as LPA, then moves along the coast and lay along the West Bengal-Bangladesh coast al LPA on 19 th Nov.	No significant system during next 7 days	
IMD-GEFS	An extended low over southwest BoB on 14 th Nov. To move initially west-northwestwards and lay as LPA over westcentral BoB on 15 th Nov.	No significant system during next 7 days	
IMD-WRF	No significant system during next 3 days	No significant system during next 3 days	
NCMRWF- NCUM	An extended cycir over southwest BoB on 14 th Nov, to move westnorthwestward and lay as LPA over westcentral and adjoining southwest BoB on 16 th Nov, no further intensification.	No significant system during next 7 days	
NCMRWF- NEPS	An extended LPA over southwest BoB on 14 th Nov, to move westnorthwestward and lay over southwest BoB as LPA on 15 th Nov, continue to move in the same direction and lay over westcentral BoB as LPA on 20 th Nov.	No significant system during next 7 days	
NCMRWF- UM (Regional)	An extended cycir over southwest BoB on 14 th Nov, to move westnorthwestward and lay as LPA over westcentral and adjoining southwest BoB on 16 th Nov.	No significant system during next 7 days	
ECMWF	LPA over southeast BoB on 14 th . To move westnorthwestwards and intensify into a depression over westcentral BoB on 15 th Nov, Therafter weakening is indicated and the system is predicted to reach south Odisha coast as a low pressure area on 17 th Nov, then move parallel to the coast and reaches West Bengal-Bangladesh coast as LPA on 18 th Nov and crosses the Bangladesh coast on afternoon of 18 th Nov.	No significant system during next 7 days.	
NCEP-GFS	LPA over southeast and southwest BoB on 14 th . To move westnorthwestward and will become depression over westcentral BoB on 15 th Nov. Weakening thereafter.	No significant system.	
IMD- Genesis Potential Parameter	GPP is indicating a potential zone over westcentral BoB as on today i.e., 14 th Nov, moves northwestwards and lay over westcenttal and adjoining northwest BoB on 15 th Nov. Another potential zone over eastcentral and adjoining Andaman Sea during 18 th and 19 th Nov.	No potential zone over AS for next 7 days.	

Summary and conclusion:

1. For Bay of Bengal:

The guidance from various numerical models (IMD GFS, NCEP GFS & ECMWF AND IMD MME) are indicating formation of depression around 15th. Peak intensification is suggested upto deep depression stage. These models are also indicating gradual northeastwards recurvature of the system on 17th and weakening while moving over Northwest Bay of Bengal (BoB) on 18th November. NCUM is not indicating any significant system over BoB during the forecast period.

Considering all these, the low pressure area over southeast BoB is likely to move westnorthwestwards and intensify into a depression over westcentral BoB on 15th November, 2023. Thereafter, it would move northwestwards and may intensify into a deep depression over westcentral BoB off Andhra Pradesh coast on 16th November. Subsequently, it would recurve north-northeastwards and reach northwest BoB off Odisha coast on 17th November.

Probability of Cyclogenesis (formation of depression and above intensity systems) over Bay of Bengal and Andaman Sea during next 168 hours:

24	24-48	48-72	72-96	96-120	120-144	144-168
HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS
LOW	MODERATE	HIGH	-	-	-	-

2. For the Arabian Sea:

Most of the models are indicating that there will be no significant system for the next seven days.

Probability of Cyclogenesis (formation of depression and above intensity systems) over the Arabian Sea during next 168 hours:

24	24-48	48-72	72-96	96-120	120-144	144-168
HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS
NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

IOP: North Andhra Pradesh coast during 15th & 16th Nov, Odisha coast during 15th-17th Nov, West Bengal coast during 16th-18th Nov.

Annexure















