



Ministry of Earth Sciences India Meteorological Department Cyclone Warning Division, New Delhi

Tropical Cyclone Forecast Programme Report Dated 31st October, 2022

Time of Issue: 1200 UTC

Synoptic features (based on 0600 UTC analysis):

❖ Yesterday's cyclonic circulation (cycir) over Southwest Bay of Bengal & adjoining Sri Lanka lay over Southwest Bay of Bengal off North Sri Lanka at 0300 UTC and persisted over the same region at 0900 UTC of today, the 31st October.

Dynamical and thermo-dynamical features

Parameter	Bay of Bengal (BoB)	Arabian Sea (AS)
Sea Surface Temperature (SST) °C	About 29-31°C over entire BoB	29-30°C over north AS, alond and off south Gujarat, Maharashtra coasts, southeast AS. 27-29°C over eastcentral and adjoining westcentral and southwest AS. Less than 24°C off Oman & Somalia coast and adjoining parts of southwest and westcentral AS.
Tropical Cyclone Heat Potential (TCHP) kJ/cm ²	>100 KJ/cm² over eastcentral BoB & Andaman Sea, 70-80 KJ/cm² over north BoB & westcentral BoB, less than 40 KJ/cm² off east coast of India & a small pocket over southwest BoB.	 (a) 60-80 over southeast AS & adjoining eastcentral AS. (b) Less than 30 KJ/cm² over remaining AS and also off west coast of India.
Cyclonic Relative vorticity (X10 ⁻⁶ s ⁻¹)	Positive vorticity of 40-50 over southwest BoB off southwest Sri Lanka coast.	Positive vorticity of 30-40 over southeast & southwest AS.
Low Level convergence (X10 ⁻⁵ s ⁻¹)	Has decreased significantly and is about 05-10 over Sri Lanka coast.	05 over south Kerala coast.

Upper Level divergence (X10 ⁻⁵ s ⁻¹)	Has increased significantly and is about 30 over southwest BoB off Tamil Nadu coast.	No positive zone.	
Vertical Wind Shear (VWS knots)	Moderate 10-20 knots over major parts of BoB except over extreme North BoB.	10-20 over major parts of south & adjoining central AS except over north AS.	
Wind Shear Tendency (knots)	Decreasing tendency over westcentral & adjoining northwest BoB		
Upper tropospheric Ridge	Along 18.0°N over the BoB.	Along 19.0°N over the AS.	
Trough in westerlies	68E upto 40 N		

Satellite observations based on INSAT imagery (0900 UTC):

(a) Over the BoB & Andaman Sea:-

Scattered low/medium clouds with embedded intense to very intense convection over central & South BoB, Arakan coast and Andaman Sea.

b) Over the Arabian Sea:-

Scattered low/medium clouds with embedded isolated weak to moderate convection lay over southeast AS and Comorin area.

M.J.O. Index:

MJO index is currently in Phase 6 with amplitude greater than 1. It will continue in same phase for next 6 days with amplitude remaining greater than 1. Thereafter, it would enter into phase 7

Storms and Depression over South China Sea/ South Indian Ocean:

Vortex (NALGAE) over South China Sea centered near 16.0N/117.3E. Intensity of the system is T32.5/CI 3.5. Corresponding maximum sustained winds of 48-63 kts. Broken low/medium clouds with embedded intense to very intense convection over area between 12N-20N and 112E-120E.

Input for FDP Cyclone based on 0000 UTC for the next 7 days

MODEL GUIDANCE	ВоВ	AS
IMD-GFS	The cycir over southwest BoB is likely to persist over the same region till 3 rd November. Thereafter it is likely to move across southern peninsular India and emerge into southeast AS on 6 th November. Fresh cycir over southeast BoB around 4 th November.	westwards and become more
IMD-GEFS	No significant system	No significant system
GEFS Probablistic guidance	Not available	Not available

IMD WRF	The cycir over southwest on 30 th to persist over the same region till 3 rd November.	No significant system
NCMRWF- NCUM	Cycir over southwest BOB to persist over the same region till 3 rd Nov. LPA over southwest BoB off Sri lanka coast on 4 th Nov & 5 th Nov.	The LPA over southwest BoB to emerge into Comorin area as Depression on 6 th Nov It is predicted to move nearly westwards and intensify into a depression over southeast AS on 7 th Nov., DD over southeast AS on 8 th Nov. , further intensification into CS on 9 th over southeast AS and VSCS over southwest AS on 10 th
NCMRWF- NEPS	Same as NCUM	Depression over Comorin on 6 th Nov to move westwards and lie as depression over southeast AS on 7 th , DD over southeast AS on 8 th , CS on 9 th , VSCS on 10 th over southwest AS.
NCMRWF- UM (Regional)	Same as NCUM	No significant system
ECMWF	No significant system over BoB.	No significant system over AS.
ECMWF ensemble	40-50% probability of cyclogenesis over	30-50% probability of cyclogenesis over south AS
ensemble	southwest BoB off Sri Lanka coast during next 2-3 days.	around 6 th /7 th November
NCEP-GFS	The cycir over southwest BoB is likely to persist over the same region till 3 rd November. Thereafter it is likely to move across southern peninsular India and emerge into southeast AS on 6 th November. Fresh cycir over southeast BoB around 4 th November.	Cycir over southeast AS around 6 th /7 th to move westwards and become more marked on 9 th .
IMD MME	Available during cyclonic disturbance period only	Available during cyclonic disturbance period only
IMD HWRF	Available during cyclonic disturbance period only	Available during cyclonic disturbance period only
IMD- Genesis Potential Parameter	A potential zone over southwest BoB off north Sri lanka on 4 th & 5 th November, off southwest Sri Lanka on 6 th and over Comorin area & on 7 th November.	No significant zone.

Summary and conclusion:

Most of the models are indicating that the existing cyclonic circulation over southwest BoB and off Sri lanka is likely to persist over the same region during next 2-3 days and emerge into Comorin area/southeast AS around 4th November. However, GFS group of models is indicating that the cycir would move nearly westwards without significant intensification. But NCUM group of models are indicating development of depression over Comorin area around 6th November. These models are indicating westwards movement of the system with further intensification into severe/very severe cyclonic storm. ECMWF ensemble is also indicating likely formation of depression over southeast AS around 6th/7th with westwards track. However, peak intensification is suggested upto CS stage only.

1. For the Bay of Bengal:

In view of all the above, it is inferred that no cyclogenesis is predicted over the Bay of Bengal during next 7 days. However, movement of the existing cycir over southern Peninsular region during next 2-3 days need to be monitored.

2. For the Arabian Sea:

No cyclogenesis is predicted during next 7 days. However, emergence of the cycir into Comorin area/ southeast AS around 6th and it's further intensification need to be monitored.

<u>Probability of cyclogenesis (formation of depression and above intensity systems) over the BAY OF BENGAL of Bengal and Andaman Sea during next 168 hours</u>

24	24-48	48-72	72-96	96-120	120-144	144-168
HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS
NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

<u>Probability of cyclogenesis (formation of depression and above intensity systems) over the Arabian Sea during next 168 hours:</u>

24	24-48	48-72	72-96	96-120	120-144	144-168
HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS
NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

Advisory:

Nil

IOP: Tamil Nadu, Kerala and Sri Lanka during next 4 days.

Annexure

















