

Ministry of Earth Sciences India Meteorological Department Cyclone Warning Division, New Delhi

Tropical Cyclone Forecast Programme Report Dated 24th November 2024

Time of Issue: 1000 UTC

Synoptic features (based on 0300 UTC analysis):

Yesterday's **low pressure area** over east Equatorial Indian Ocean and adjoining Southeast Bay of Bengal moved west-northwestwards, became **Well marked low pressure area** and lay centered at 0300 UTC of today, the 24th November 2024 over southeast Bay of Bengal and adjoining east Equatorial Indian Ocean. It is likely to move west-northwestwards and intensify into a **depression** over central parts of south Bay of Bengal on 25th November. Thereafter, it is likely to move northwestwards towards Tamil Nadu-Sri Lanka coasts during subsequent 2 days.

Environmental Features:

Parameter	Bay of Bengal (BoB) Arabian Sea (AS)				
Sea Surface Temperature (SST) °C	➤ 29-30°C over BoB.	 29-30°C over most parts of Arabian Sea. 26-28°C over southwest Arabian Sea along and off Somalia coast and parts of westcentral AS. 			
Tropical Cyclone Heat Potential (TCHP) kJ/cm ² Cyclonic Relative - vorticity (X10 ⁻⁶ s ⁻¹)	 120-160 over northeast, east central BoB and Andaman Sea. 70-80 over most parts of south BoB. 20-40 over south BoB and EIO region 20-30 along South Sri Lanka coast. 	 70-90 over most parts of central and north AS. 20-40 over rest of the area. 10-20 over eastcentral AS adjoining northeast AS and over extreme South AS along the coast of Somalia. 			
Low Level convergence (X10 ⁻⁵ s ⁻¹)	➤ 10-20 over southwest adjoining southeast BoB.	-			
Upper-Level divergence (X10 ⁻⁵ s ⁻¹)	 5-10 over south BoB, Andaman Sea, 15-20 over southwest BoB. 	-			
(VWS knots) Low: 05-10 knots Moderate: 10-20 knots High: >20 knots Wind Shear Tendency	 High over north, central, southwest BoB, north Andaman Sea. Low-Moderate over rest of BoB, South Andaman Sea. Increasing over Southwest 	 Decreasing over southwest 			
(knots)	BoB adjoining west central BoB.	AS, near Comorin area along Somalia coast.			

		Decreasing over southeast and extreme southwest BoB, south Andaman Sea. Increasing over rest of the parts of BoB,	Increasing over North, East Central and extreme South west AS. Decreasing over rest of the AS
Upper Ridge	tropospheric	➤ At 14 ⁰ N.	> At 14 ⁰ N.

Satellite observations based on INSAT imagery (0300 UTC):

a) Over the BoB & Andaman Sea: -

Scattered to broken low and medium clouds with embedded intense to very intense convection lay over south Bay of Bengal & Andaman Sea (Minimum Cloud Top Temperature is minus 80-93 degrees Celsius). Scattered low and medium clouds with embedded moderate to intense convection lay over central Bay of Bengal and Isolated weak to moderate convection lay over north Bay of Bengal.

b) Over the Arabian Sea:

Scattered low and medium clouds with embedded moderate to intense convection lay over south Arabian Sea, Lakshadweep Island area, Maldives & Comorin area and Isolated weak to moderate convection lay over central Arabian Sea. Scattered low and medium clouds lay over north Arabian Sea.

c) Outside India:

Scattered low/med clouds with embedded moderate to intense convection lay over Sri Lanka, Palk strait, Gulf of Mannar, Maldives, Tibet, China, east China Sea, south Myanmar, Thailand, Gulf of Thailand, Cambodia, Vietnam, Sumatra, Strait of Malacca, Malaysia, Borneo, South China Sea, Java Islands & Sea, Celebes Islands & Sea, Philippines, Madagascar, Mozambique channel and over Indian Ocean between Lat 5.0N to 20.0S Long 50.0E to 120.0E.

M.J.O. Index:

Madden Julian Oscillation (MJO) is in phase 4 with amplitude more than 1 and will be in the same phase till 30th with same amplitude.

NWP Guidance for FDP Cyclone based on 0000 UTC for the next 7 days:

MODEL GUIDANCE	Bay of Bengal (BoB)	Arabian Sea (AS)
IMD-GFS	Model is indicating LPA over southeast BoB adjoining east Equitorial Indian Ocean (EIO) as on today, mowing west-northwestwards and lay as depression over southwest BoB on 25 th , moving then northwestwards and lay as SCS over southwest BoB close to Sri Lanka coast on 26 th , it then weaken into DD/CS over southwest BoB on 27 th . Recurve then and move northeastwards and lay over southwest and adjoining westcentral BoB as DD on 28 th , it will then continue move in same direction towards.	

	without changing in intensity.				
IMD-GEFS	Model is indicating well marked low	No Significant circulation over AS.			
	pressure area (WML) over east EIO &	•			
	adjoining southeast BoB on 24th with				
	nearly west-northwestwards movement				
	and intensification into				
	depression(D)/deep_depression (DD)				
	over southwest BoB & adjoining east				
	EIO on 24/1200 and cyclonic storm (CS)				
	on 26/0000 over southwest BoB close to				
	Sri Lanka coast. Thereafter, the model is indicating northeastwards recurvature				
	towards Myanmar- Bangladesh coasts.				
IMD-WRF	LPA over southeast and adjoining	No Significant circulation over AS.			
	southwest BoB on 25 th , moving west-	The digitilled it of our field			
	northwestwards and lay over southwest				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	BoB as depression on 26 th , moving in				
	the same direction and lay close to north				
	Sri Lanka coast as SCS on 27 th .				
NCMRWF-	Model is indicating a low pressure area	No Significant circulation over AS.			
NCUM(G)	over southwest BoB on 24/0000 UTC. It				
	is indicating depression over southwest				
	BoB on 26/0000 UTC and crossing over Tamil Nadu coast near Puducherry				
	around 28/1800 UTC.				
NCMRWF-	LPA over southeast and adjoining	No Significant circulation over AS.			
NCUM(R)	southwest BoB on 25th, moving west-	The digitilled it of ordination ever he.			
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	northwestwards and lay over southwest				
	BoB as depression on 26th, moving in				
	the same direction and lay close to north				
NONADIA/E	Sri Lanka coast as SCS on 27 th .	No Cincificant analysis simulation			
NCMRWF-	Model is indicating a low pressure area				
NEPS	over southwest BoB on 24/0000 UTC. It	over AS.			
	is indicating depression over southwest				
	BoB on 26/0000 UTC and crossing over				
	Tamil Nadu coast near Puducherry				
	around 28/1800 UTC.				
ECMWF	Model is indicating low pressure area	No Significant cyclonic circulation			
	(LPA) over east EIO & adjoining	over AS.			
	southeast BoB on 24th with nearly				
	westwards movement till 26/0000 UTC.				
	Thereafter, it is likely to move north-				
	northwestwards with marginal intensification becoming depression (D)				
	over westcentral BoB on 28/0000 UTC.				
	Thereafter, it is indicating weakening				
	trend and also crossing over Andhra				
	Pradesh coast on 30/1800 UTC.				
NCEP-GFS	Model is indicating LPA over southeast	No Significant cyclonic circulation			
- -	BoB adjoining east Equitorial Indian	over AS.			
	Ocean (EIO) as on today, moving west-				
	northwestwards and lay as depression				
	over southwest BoB on 25th, moving				

then	northwestwards and lay as SCS
over	southwest BoB close to Sri Lanka
coas	t on 26 th , it then weaken into DD/CS
	southwest BoB on 27th. Recurve
	and move northeastwards and lay
	southwest and adjoining
	central BoB as DD on 28th, it will
	continue move in same direction
	irds Myanmar-Bangladesh coasts
witho	out changing in intensity.

Summary:

(a) Bay of Bengal:

Thus, guidance from various models indicates that, there is large variation among various models with respect to track and intensification. Some of the models are indicating steering of system in northeastwards direction under the influence of trough in westerlies from 28th November onwards.

(b) Arabian Sea

Most of the models are indicating no significant cyclonic circulation over Arabian Sea for the next seven days.

Inference:

Considering various environmental conditions and model guidance, it is inferred that:

Considering all the above, it is inferred that the **well marked low pressure area** over Southeast Bay of Bengal and adjoining East EIO is likely to move west-northwestwards and intensify into a **depression** over central parts of south Bay of Bengal on 25th November. Thereafter, it is likely to move northwestwards towards Tamil Nadu-Sri Lanka coasts during subsequent 2 days.

<u>Probability of cyclogenesis (formation of depression and above intensity</u> systems) over the Bay of Bengal during next 168 hours:

24	24-48	48-72	72-96	96-120	120-144	144-168
HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS
MOD	HIGH	-	-	-	-	-

<u>Probability of cyclogenesis (formation of depression and above intensity systems) over the Arabian Sea during next 168 hours:</u>

24	24-48	48-72	72-96	96-120	120-144	144-168
HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS
NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

[&]quot;- "indicates genesis has already occurred.

Probability is indicated as NIL for 0%, LOW for 1-33%, MOD for 34-67% and High for 68-100%.

Intense Observation Period (IOP): East coast of Sri Lanka during 25th-27th, Tamil Nadu coast during 24th-28th November.

ANNEXURE































